

AGENDA

**NASSAU COUNTY INTERIM FINANCE AUTHORITY
AUDIT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS COMMITTEE MEETING
TUESDAY, MAY 17, 2016 6:30 PM
MARRIOTT LONG ISLAND HOTEL & CONFERENCE CENTER
101 JAMES DOOLITTLE BLVD., UNIONDALE, NY 11553**

Call to Order

Action Items

- I. Approval of Minutes of November 19, 2015 Meeting
- II. Review and Approve the 2015 Audited Financial Statements
 - a. Introductory Materials
 - b. Resolution
 - c. RSM US LLP Independent Auditors' Report
 - d. Audited Financial Statements
 - e. RSM US LLP Investment Report
 - f. Executive session with the independent auditor without management and others present
- III. Review and Approve the 2015 Annual and Statutory Reports
- IV. Review and Approve the Investment Guidelines

Discussion Items

- V. Four Month's Budget Versus Actual Results (April 30, 2016)

Adjournment

DRAFT – SUBJECT TO REVIEW AND REVISION

NASSAU COUNTY INTERIM FINANCE AUTHORITY
MEETING OF THE AUDIT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS COMMITTEE
MINUTES OF NOVEMBER 19, 2015

The Audit and Internal Controls Committee of the Nassau County Interim Finance Authority met on September 22, 2015 at 8:55 AM at the Marriott Long Island Hotel & Conference Center located at 101 James Doolittle Blvd, Uniondale, NY 11553.

Committee Members present: Christopher Wright, Chairman
John Buran
Jon Kaiman
Lester Petracca

Committee Members absent:

Staff present: Evan Cohen, Executive Director
Jeremy Wise, General Counsel
Carl Dreyer, Treasurer
Laurie Giardina, Corporate Secretary
Maria Kwiatkowski, Deputy Director

1. Call to Order/Roll Call

The meeting was called to order at 4:47 PM.

2. Approval of Minutes

On a motion by Director Petracca, the Directors approved the minutes from the meeting on September 22, 2015.

Positive votes: 4 Negative votes: 0

Resolution No. 15-52

APPROVAL OF MINUTES AND RATIFICATION OF ACTIONS TAKEN AT THE
SEPTEMBER 22, 2015 AUDIT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS COMMITTEE MEETING OF
THE NASSAU COUNTY INTERIM FINANCE AUTHORITY

RESOLVED, that the Minutes of the Audit and Internal Controls Committee meeting of the Authority held on September 22, 2015 are hereby approved and all actions taken by the Directors present at such meeting, as set forth in such Minutes, are hereby in all respects ratified and approved as actions of the Authority.

* * *

3. Presentation of 2015 Audit Plan by RSM

Scott Bassett, partner of RSM explained the audit plan, which would be starting in the next

DRAFT – SUBJECT TO REVIEW AND REVISION

month.

4. Adjournment

The Chairman made a motion to adjourn. The meeting was adjourned at 4:53 PM.

Respectfully submitted,

Laurie A. Giardina
Corporate Secretary

To Be Distributed
Under Separate
Cover

To Be Distributed
Under Separate
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NASSAU COUNTY INTERIM FINANCE AUTHORITY
Audit and Internal Controls Committee

FOR CONSIDERATION

May 17, 2016

TO: Christopher Wright, Adam Barsky, John Buran, and Lester Petracca

FROM: Evan Cohen

SUBJECT: Investment Guidelines

REQUEST FOR: Authority to Submit the Investment Guidelines to the NIFA Directors

Background:

The Investment Guidelines (“Guidelines”) govern the investment and reinvestment of the funds of the Nassau County Interim Finance Authority (the “Authority”) and the sale and liquidation of investments, as well as the monitoring, maintenance, accounting, reporting and internal controls by and of the Authority with respect thereto. The Audit and Internal Controls Committee Charter requires that the Committee review the Guidelines.

Discussion:

The Guidelines are attached. No new changes are recommended at this time.

Requested Action:

The Committee is requested to adopt the attached Resolution acknowledging receipt and acceptance of the Guidelines and recommending that they be accepted by the Authority Directors.

Attachments:

Resolution
Investment Guidelines

NASSAU COUNTY INTERIM FINANCE AUTHORITY
Audit and Internal Controls Committee

RESOLUTION NO. 16-

RECEIPT AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE INVESTMENT GUIDELINES AND RECOMMENDATION THAT THE INVESTMENT GUIDELINES BE SENT TO THE DIRECTORS OF THE NASSAU COUNTY INTERIM FINANCE AUTHORITY.

RESOLVED, that the materials presented to this meeting (the “Materials”) are ordered to be filed with the records of the Audit and Internal Controls Committee of the Nassau County Interim Finance Authority (the “Committee”); and be it further

RESOLVED, that in accordance with the Materials, the Investment Guidelines are hereby approved; and be it further

RESOLVED that the Committee recommends that the Investment Guidelines be released to the Directors of the Nassau County Interim Finance Authority for their review and approval.

RESOLVED, that this resolution shall take effect immediately.

Christopher Wright
Chairperson

May 17, 2016

NASSAU COUNTY INTERIM FINANCE AUTHORITY
INVESTMENT GUIDELINES
(Readopted September 12, 2003)
(Readopted June 22, 2004)
(Readopted, as amended, June 16, 2005)
(Readopted May 4, 2006)
(Readopted, as amended May 2, 2007)
(Readopted June 18, 2008)
(Readopted May 28, 2009)
(Readopted April 22, 2010)
(Readopted April 20, 2011)
(Readopted May 17, 2012)
(Readopted June 5, 2013)
(Readopted June 18, 2014)
(Readopted May 8, 2015)
(Readopted May 17, 2016)

Introduction

These investment guidelines (“Guidelines”) are adopted as required by Section 2925 of the New York Public Authorities Law.

ARTICLE ONE

Definitions

As used herein the terms set forth below are defined as follows:

- 1.1 "Authority" or “NIFA” means the Nassau County Interim Finance Authority, a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York, constituting a public benefit Corporation, established pursuant to Chapter 84 of the Laws of 2000 of the State of New York.
- 1.2 "Comptroller" means the State Comptroller.
- 1.3 "Investment Funds" means all monies and financial resources available for investment by the Authority, other than proceeds of bonds issued by the Authority.
- 1.4 "Repurchase Agreement" means a repurchase agreement satisfying the requirements set forth in Article 4 herein.

1.5 "Securities" means any or all of the investment obligations of the categories described in Section 4.1 of Article 4 herein.

1.6 "State" means the State of New York.

ARTICLE TWO

Scope

These guidelines shall govern the investment and reinvestment of Investment Funds and the sale and liquidation of investments, as well as the monitoring, maintenance, accounting, reporting and internal controls by and of the Authority with respect to such investment, sale, reinvestment and liquidation.

ARTICLE THREE

Investment Objectives

The Authority's investment activities shall have as their first and foremost objective the safeguarding of the principal amount of the Investment Funds. Additional considerations regarding the Authority's investment activities shall be liquidity of investments, realization of a reasonable return on investments and diversification of investments.

ARTICLE FOUR

Permissible Investments

4.1 The Authority may invest its Investment Funds in any and all of the following, if and to the extent permitted by statutes, regulations and bond resolutions applicable at the time of investment of such Investment Funds:

- a) obligations of the State or the United States government;
- b) obligations the principal and interest of which are guaranteed by the State or the United States government;
- c) certificates of deposit, whether negotiable or non-negotiable, and banker's acceptances (1) of any of the fifty largest banks in the United States which bank, at the time of investment, has an outstanding unsecured, uninsured and unguaranteed debt issue ranked in either of the two highest rating

categories of two nationally recognized independent rating agencies; or (2) the certificates of deposit are fully collateralized by obligations of the United States government or obligations the principal and interest of which are guaranteed by the United States government; or (3) the certificates of deposit are held in a “municipal” bank account and fully collateralized pursuant to General Municipal Law Section 10 and regulations of the Comptroller as the same shall be in effect from time to time, or (4) certificates of deposit in the amount of \$100,000 or less that are fully guaranteed by Federal Deposit Insurance.

- d) commercial paper of any bank or authority created under the laws of either the United States or any state of the United States which commercial paper, at the time of the investment, has received the highest rating of two nationally recognized independent rating agencies;
- e) bonds, debentures, or other evidences of indebtedness, issued or guaranteed at the time of the investment by the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan mortgage authority, student loan marketing association, federal farm credit system, or any other United States government sponsored agency, provided that at the time of the investment such agency receives, or its obligations receive, any of the three highest rating categories of two nationally recognized independent rating agencies;
- f) any bonds or other obligations of any state, or the United States of America or of any political subdivision thereof or any agency, instrumentality or local government unit of any such state or political subdivision which bonds or other obligations, at the time of the investment, have received any of the three highest ratings of two nationally recognized independent rating agencies;
- g) any repurchase agreement or other investment agreements with any bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America or any national banking association or government bond dealer reporting to, trading with, and recognized as a primary dealer by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, which agreement is secured by any one or more of the securities described in paragraph (a), (b), or (e) of this subdivision which securities shall at all times have a market value of not less than 102% of the full amount of the repurchase agreement and be delivered to another bank or trust company organized under the laws of New York State or any national banking association domiciled in New York State, as custodian;
- h) reverse repurchase agreements with any bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America or any national banking association or government bond dealer reporting to, trading with, and recognized as a primary dealer by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, which agreement is secured by any one or more of the securities described in paragraph (a), (b) or (e) of this subdivision which securities shall at all times have a market value of not less than the full amount of the repurchase agreement and be delivered to another bank or trust company organized under the laws of New York State or any national banking association domiciled in New York State, as custodian.

- i) investment agreements or guaranteed investment contracts with any financial institution whose senior long term debt obligations, or whose obligations under such an investment agreement or guaranteed investment contract are guaranteed by a financial institution whose senior long term debt obligations, have a rating (at the time such agreement or contract is entered into) in one of the three highest rating categories for comparable types of obligations by a rating agency;
- j) money market funds rated in one of the three highest rating categories for comparable types of obligations by a rating agency;

4.2 Specific Requirements Regarding Certificates of Deposit

4.2.1 Collateral for a Certificate of Deposit. If a certificate of deposit is required to be collateralized pursuant to Section 2 of paragraph (c) of section 4.1 of these Guidelines, the collateral must be reviewed weekly to determine if the market value of the collateral equals or exceeds the principal amount of the uninsured portion of the certificate of deposit plus accrued interest. If the market value of the collateral is insufficient, the issuer of the certificate of deposit must exchange or add to the amount of collateral to bring its market value equal to or in excess of the uninsured portion of the principal amount of the certificate of deposit plus accrued interest.

4.2.2 Standard Terms for Certificate of Deposit Collateral Agreement. The Authority shall negotiate and enter into a written agreement with each bank (and custodian) from which it has obtained a certificate of deposit. Such written agreement shall, at a minimum, address the following concerns:

- (a) The frequency of the valuation of the collateral to market, as set forth above (such valuation shall be done at least weekly);
- (b) The right and ability of the bank to substitute like Investment Securities as collateral;
- (c) Description of events of default which would permit the Authority or its custodian to liquidate or purchase the underlying Investment Securities;
- (d) Description of the party who is to have title to the underlying Investment Securities during the term of the agreement; and
- (e) With respect to the custodial bank, the agreement shall also provide that the custodial bank takes possession of the Investment Securities as agent of the Authority and that the claims of the custodial bank are subordinate to those of the Authority.

4.3 Specific Requirements Governing Repurchase Agreements. Notwithstanding Section 4.1 hereof, the following shall also apply to Repurchase Agreements.

4.3.1 Placement. The placement of Repurchase Agreements may be distributed among several authorized firms as appropriate to reduce the level of risk. The investment limit set for

each such firm shall not be exceeded unless the Executive Director of the Authority makes a written finding that sufficient Securities are not available from other eligible firms. Not less frequently than once each year, the Authority's Executive Director shall review and, if appropriate, recommend adjustment of the investment limit for each eligible seller in light of such firm's current capitalization. All investment limit adjustments shall require the approval of the Treasurer and Executive Director.

- 4.2.2 Eligible Custodian Banks. To be eligible to hold the Securities which are the subject of a Repurchase Agreement, a custodial bank should be a member of the Federal Reserve Bank or maintain accounts with member banks to accomplish book-entry transfer of Securities to the credit of the Authority. Transfer of Securities, whether by book entry or physical delivery, should be confirmed in writing to the Authority by the custodial bank. The custodian should not be the same party that is selling the Securities. The Authority's Directors or their designee(s) must affirmatively find that a proposed custodial bank is financially sound before such bank may be eligible to perform custodial services for the Authority.
- 4.3.3 Maximum Maturity of Repurchase Agreements. Repurchase Agreements shall be limited to a maturity not to exceed thirty (30) days, or the Trustee will value the collateral securities no less frequently than monthly and will liquidate the collateral if any deficiency is not restored within five (5) business days of such valuation. Collateral securities shall have maturities not exceeding thirty (30) years.
- 4.3.4 Standard Terms for Repurchase Agreements. The Authority shall execute a master Repurchase Agreement with each broker-dealer which outlines the basic rights of both buyer and seller including:
- (a) The events of default which would permit the Authority to liquidate or purchase the underlying Securities;
 - (b) The relationship between parties to the agreement, which should ordinarily be purchaser and seller;
 - (c) A requirement that there be a written contract with the custodial bank outlining the responsibilities of the bank and the parties to the agreement. Such an agreement must provide, among other things, that the custodial bank will not make payment for the Securities until the bank actually receives them and that the custodial bank takes possession of the Securities exclusively for the Authority and that any claims of the custodial bank are subordinate to those of the Authority;
 - (d) Procedures which ensure that the Authority obtains a perfected security interest in the underlying Securities. The Authority or its custodian must take possession of the Securities being purchased by physical delivery or book entry. Furthermore, the written agreement shall contain a provision that, in the event a court of final jurisdiction construes the specific

Repurchase Agreement to be a loan, the seller shall be deemed to have granted the Authority a perfected security interest in the purchased Securities;

(e) The market value of the Securities purchased under a repurchase transaction must be at least equal to the purchase price. The value of the Securities must be monitored and marked to market on a daily basis. Additional Securities shall be required if market fluctuations cause the market value of the purchased Securities to become less than the purchase price.

ARTICLE FIVE

Operating Procedures

- 5.1 Authorized Officers and Employees. Only the following persons shall be authorized to make investment decisions on behalf of the Authority: the Chairman of the Authority's Directors; the Executive Director; the Treasurer; and the General Counsel, but only if designated in writing by the Treasurer. The implementation of such investment decisions by placement of purchase or sale orders or otherwise shall be effected only by the foregoing officers and employees and by such employees as may from time to time be designated in writing by the Treasurer.
- 5.1.1 The Authority's Investment Officer responsibilities are handled by the Treasurer and Deputy Treasurer.
- 5.2 Standards for the Qualification of Brokers, Dealers and Agents. Any bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America or any national banking association or government bond dealer which is authorized to do business in the State may become qualified by the Authority to transact purchases and sales of Securities (other than Repurchase Agreements) with the Authority. Factors to be considered in determining the qualification of such firms shall include the firm's capitalization, quality, size and reliability, the Authority's prior experience with the firm, the firm's level of expertise and prior experience with respect to the contemplated transaction. The determination of qualification shall be made by the Treasurer, who shall maintain a list of all such qualified firms.
- 5.3 Standards for the Qualification of Investment Advisors. For the purpose of rendering investment advice to the Authority, the Authority may qualify any bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America, any national banking association, and any partnership, authority, or person which is authorized to do business in the State.

The Authority also shall consider the additional criteria (other than capitalization) enumerated in the preceding paragraph.

5.4 Standards for the Qualification of Custodial Banks. To be eligible to hold Securities as collateral for an investment made by the Authority, a custodial bank should be a member of the Federal Reserve Bank or maintain accounts with member banks to accomplish book-entry transfer of Securities to the credit of the Authority. Transfer of Securities, whether by book entry or physical delivery, should be confirmed to in writing to the Authority by the custodial bank. The custodian should not be the same party that is selling the Securities. To be eligible to perform custodial services, the Authority's Directors or their designee(s) must affirmatively find that the proposed custodial bank is financially sound.

5.5 Competitive Bids; Negotiated Prices. In connection with the purchase and sale of Securities, for each transaction in excess of two and one-half million dollars (\$2,500,000.00) (or such other threshold dollar amount as the Treasurer may specify in writing), the Authority shall utilize competitive quotations. For each transaction which is equal to or less than two and one-half million dollars (\$2,500,000.00) (or such other threshold dollar amount as the Treasurer may specify in writing), the Authority may utilize either competitive quotations or negotiated prices. The foregoing shall not apply to the purchase of government securities at initial auction. A complete and continuous record of all quotes, solicited and received, shall be maintained by the Treasury Department.

For each transaction (other than the purchase of governmental securities at initial auction) in excess of two and one-half million dollars (or such other threshold dollar amount as the Treasurer may specify in writing), a minimum of three separate solicitations will be made on each direct purchase or sale of a Security (including a Repurchase Agreement). The transaction shall be awarded to the dealer(s) offering the highest yield or return, provided that, with respect to Repurchase Agreements, the amount of the investment with each individual firm does not exceed the investment limit referred to in Section 4.2.1 above.

5.6 Written Contracts and Confirmations. A written contract and/or a written confirmation shall be a required for each investment transaction. With respect to the purchase or sale of Securities other than Repurchase Agreements, the Authority shall not be required to enter into a formal written contract, provided that the Authority's oral instructions to its broker, dealer, agent, investment advisor or custodian with respect to such transactions are confirmed in writing at the earliest practicable moment. A written contract shall be required for each purchase and sale of a Repurchase Agreement.

5.7 Payment. Payment for investments shall be made only upon written confirmation of presentation of the physical Security, or in the case of book-entry form Securities, when credited for the custodian's account, which shall be segregated for NIFA's sole use. The custodian may act on oral instructions from an authorized officer of the Authority, such instructions to be confirmed in writing immediately by an authorized officer of the Custodian. Such collateral shall, on the date of purchase, be at least equal in market value to the amount of the investment.

5.8 Collateral. Except as specifically otherwise provided herein, the Authority's financial interest in its investments shall be fully secured or collateralized at all times in an amount

not less than the original amount invested plus accrued, unpaid interest thereon. Only Securities permissible for investment by the Authority pursuant to these Guidelines (other than Repurchase Agreements) may be accepted as collateral. Pledges of proportionate interests in pooled collateral shall not constitute acceptable collateral. In the case of certificates of deposit and demand and time deposits, collateral shall be provided for amounts in excess of the applicable limit of coverage provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Authority. Collateral shall be maintained in the custody of the Authority or an approved third party custodian at all times. To assure that, at all times, the market value of said collateral is at least equal to the original amount invested plus all accrued, unpaid interest, collateral shall be marked to market at the time the investment is made and thereafter daily with respect to Repurchase Agreements and weekly with respect to certificates of deposit.

5.9 Operating Procedure Manual. The Authority's Treasurer shall prepare a Standard Operating Procedure Manual for placing, controlling and reporting of all investment activity which shall be consistent with these guidelines, be approved by the Authority's Executive Director and shall be consistent with the following:

- (a) Each disbursement of funds (and corresponding receipt of Securities) or delivery of Securities (and corresponding receipt of funds) should be based upon proper written authorization. If the authorization is initially given orally, there should be written or telegraphic confirmation from the Authority's authorized officer to the custodian;
- (b) The process of initiating, reviewing and approving requests to buy and sell Securities should be documented and retained for audit purposes. Dealer limits should be established and reviewed regularly;
- (c) Custodians must have prior authorization from the Authority to deliver obligations and collateral. All transactions must be confirmed in writing to the authority. Delivery of obligations sold should only be made upon receipt of funds;
- (d) Custodial banks should be required to report whenever activity has occurred in the Authority's custodial account;
- (e) There should be at least monthly verifications of both the principal amount and the market values of all investments and collateral. Appropriate listings should be obtained from the custodian and compared against the Authority's records;
- (f) A record of investments shall be maintained by the Authority's Treasurer. The records should identify the Security, the fund for which held, the place where kept, date of disposition and amount realized and the market value and custodian of collateral;

- (g) The establishment and maintenance of a system of internal controls;
- (h) Methods for adding, changing or deleting information contained in the investment record, including a description of the documents to be created and verification tests to be conducted;
- (i) A data base or record incorporating descriptions and amounts of investments, transaction dates, interest rates, maturities, bond ratings, market prices and related information necessary to manage the portfolio; and
- (j) Requirements for periodic reporting and a satisfactory level of accountability.

ARTICLE SIX

Reports and Audits

The following reports and audits shall be prepared in connection with the Authority's investment program.

6.1 Annual Investment Report. Within ninety (90) days after the close of each fiscal year of the Authority, the Chairman shall submit to the Directors and the Authority shall file with the State Division of the Budget, Comptroller, State Senate Finance Committee and Assembly Ways and Means Committee an annual investment report, prepared with the assistance of the Treasurer, which shall include the following:

- 1) The Investment Guidelines required by Section 2925(3) of the Public Authorities Law and any amendments to such guidelines since the last investment report;
- 2) An explanation of the Investment Guidelines and amendments;
- 3) The results of the Annual Investment Audit (described below);
- 4) The investment income record of the Authority; and
- 5) A list of the total fees, commissions or other charges paid to each investment banker, broker, agent, dealer and advisor rendering investment associated services to the Authority since the date of the last investment report.
- 6) Quarterly investment reporting to the Board. - A quarterly investment report is required under the Public Authority Law of 2005 and will be distributed to the NIFA board members

6.2 Annual Investment Audit. Each year, the Authority shall cause its independent auditors to conduct an audit (the "Annual Investment Audit") regarding the Authority's investments. (The Authority's financial statements with respect to investments, which are required to be prepared in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles for governments ("GAAP"), should contain all of the note disclosures on deposits with financial institutions and investments required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 3 "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements" dated April 1986), as amended or supplemented. The Annual Investment Audit:

- 1) Shall determine whether: the Authority complies with its own investment policies; investment assets are adequately safeguarded; adequate accounts and records are maintained which accurately reflect all transactions and report on the disposition of the Authority's assets; and a system of adequate internal controls is maintained.
- 2) Shall determine whether the Authority has complied with applicable laws, regulations and State Comptroller's Investment Guidelines; and
- 3) Should be designed to the extent practical to satisfy both the common interest of the Authority and the public officials accountable to others.

6.3 Annual Investment Audit Report. The results of the Annual Investment Audit shall be set forth in a report (the "Annual Investment Audit Report") which shall include without limitation:

- 1) verification of collateral;
- 2) a description of the scope and objectives of the audit;
- 3) a statement that the audit was made in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards;
- 4) a description of any material weaknesses found in the internal controls;
- 5) a description of all non-compliance with the Authority's investment policies as well as applicable laws, regulations and the State Comptroller's Investment Guidelines;
- 6) a statement of positive assurance of compliance on the items tested and negative assurance on those items not tested;
- 7) a statement on any other material deficiency or finding identified during the audit not covered in (6) above;
- 8) a report on the status of any swaps entered into by the Authority in accordance with it "Interest Rate Swap Policy", as the same shall be amended from time to time, and

- 9) recommendations, if any, with respect to amendment of these Guidelines.

The Annual Investment Audit Report shall be filed within ninety (90) days after the close of the Authority's fiscal year with the Coordinator of Public Authority Programs, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12236.

6.4 Web site Posting A quarterly investment report is required under the Public Authority Law of 2005 and will be distributed to the NIFA board members and posted on the Authorities web site

ARTICLE SEVEN

Affirmative Action

A program of Affirmative Action shall apply with respect to NIFA's corporate investment activities. NIFA shall seek to encourage participation by minority and women-owned financial services firms in the conduct of NIFA's corporate investment activities.

ARTICLE EIGHT

Miscellaneous

8.1 In connection with the Annual Investment Audit, each year the Authority shall review these Guidelines to determine whether the Authority shall amend or otherwise update these Guidelines.

8.2 The Authority's policy regarding conflicts of interest shall be followed regarding the investment of funds.

Nassau County Interim Finance Authority
Operating Revenues and Expenses Year to Date vs Annual Budget
at April 30, 2016

Cash Basis, Unaudited

	Adopted Annual Budget		2016 YTD	Remaining Budget
Beginning Cash Balance January 1, 2016			\$ 395,028	
Revenues				
Sales Tax Receipts	1,124,300,000		332,023,719	
Less Sales Tax Transferred to County	(947,235,819)		(274,334,262)	
Less Debt Service Deposits	(175,121,053)		(57,139,457)	
Sales Tax Retained by NIFA	1,949,000		550,000	(1,399,000)
Interest Income				
Bond & Debt Service Accounts			731,948	
Less Bond Interest Transferred to County			0	
Bond Interest Retained for Debt Service			731,948	
Operating Account Interest	1,000		-	(1,000)
NYS Archives Grant			-	
Total Revenues	\$ 1,950,000		\$ 550,000	\$ (1,400,000)
Expenses				
NIFA Operating Expenses				
Salaries and Benefits	1,359,676		401,971	957,705
Furniture & Equipment	17,000		-	17,000
Rent	76,552		-	76,552
Telephone & Communications	12,036		1,442	10,594
Professional Fees	185,000		39,593	145,407
Insurance	10,000		3,291	6,709
Other	39,736		12,189	27,547
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 1,700,000		\$ 458,487	\$ 1,241,513
Control Period Expenses				
Skadden Arps ¹	250,000		17,612	232,388
Grant Thornton	-		-	-
Bond Schoeneck	-		-	-
Meeting	-		\$ -	-
Total Control Period Expenses	250,000		17,612	232,388
Total Expenses	\$ 1,950,000		\$ 476,099	\$ 1,473,901
Contingency for Change in NIFA Status	-		-	-
Revenues Over (Under) Expenses	\$ -		\$ 73,901	73,901
Ending Cash Balance (YTD)			\$ 468,930	